

These answers correspond to those chapters associated with ALEDC Phase I and the first  
LEDC Theater Logistics Exam  
[Chapters 6 through 14]

## Chapter 6

1. Armored; Mechanized Infantry; Medium; Lt Infantry; Air Borne; Air Assault.
2. HHC; 3 x Maneuver Brigades; Artillery Brigade (DIVARTY); Aviation Brigade; Division Support Command (DISCOM); Division Engineer Brigade (DIVENG) or Engineer Battalion; Cavalry Squadron; Aid Defense Battalion (ADA); Signal Battalion; Military Intelligence Battalion; Chemical Company; Military Police Company; Band.
3. Division level logistics to all organic and attached elements of the division.
4. Brigade Support Area (BSA); BSA is generally on a Main Supply Route (MSR) in the brigade rear area.
5. Division units operating in the brigade area; assistance to support other elements; planners must tailor the FSB.
6. Supply support for units in the division rear area; reserve.
7. Truck Medium Transport (TMT) company; personnel, supplies, mail, and equipment; Movement Control Officer (MCO); staff planning and highway regulation.
8. Corps support battalion (CSB); non-divisional elements.
9. Multifunctional; fixed; DS level support to division units in the division rear area and designated reinforcing support to the forward aviation support battalions.
10. Slow to deploy from home base or staging bases; high consumption rates.
11. Austere CS and CSS systems.

## Chapter 7

1. Divisions of any type required by the theater.
2. Corps Support Command (COSCOM); Personnel Group; Finance Group; Medical Command (MEDCOM) under the MRI.
3. Land component HQ of a Joint Task Force (JTF).
4. Primary logistics; multifunctional; not fixed.
5. Corps Support Groups (CSG); Area Support.
6. Centralized management over supply and maintenance; centralized movement control and highway regulation.
7. Corps Medical Brigade; Corps Medical Command (MEDCOM); Medical Logistics Battalion (MEDLOG); Area Support Medical Battalion (ASMB); Corps Combat Support Hospital (Corps CSH); Forward Surgical Team (FST)..
8. Task; division rear boundary.

9. Allocated per corps; supporting the corps and providing reinforcing support; functional; multifunctional; direct support (DS); area basis to units operating in or passing through.

## Chapter 8

1. The rear of the combat zone (CZ) in the theater to the CONUS base.
2. Carry out strategic CSS tasks and priorities; plan and conduct operations and exercises to execute the combatant commander's theater strategy and plan; sustain all forces in theater and maintain capability to expand for ARFOR OPLANs.
3. Theater Support Command (TSC); Engineer Command (ENCOM); Transportation Command (TRANSCOM); Medical Command (MEDCOM); Personnel Command (PERSCOM); Finance Command (FINCOM).
4. Commands – ENCOM, TRANSCOM, PERSCOM, FINCOM, MEDCOM; Functional – AVIM BN, Petroleum Supply BN, Ammunition Group, Personnel Group, Finance Group; Multifunctional – Area Support Groups, Special Task Units.
5. Multifunctional; not fixed
6. Common user; TRANSCOM.
7. Functional – Supply & Services BN, Civil Affairs BN, Maintenance BN, Petroleum BN, Ammunition BN, AVIM BN, Rear Operations Center (ROC); Multifunctional – Area Support BN, Base Support BN.

## Chapter 9-I

1. Wholesale; retail – user, DS, GS.
2. Peacetime; Transition to War; Sustainment; Reconstitution.
3. Requisition -- User to DSU to MMC to GSU or ICP to Depot. Supply – Depot to GSU to DSU to User (throughput is exception based).
4. Supply Point – user picks up supplies from the supporting DSU; Unit – Supporting DSU delivers supplies to the user's location.
5. All are normally issued using supply point distribution.
6. Ready for Issue; Ready for Fight
7. GS Heavy Materiel Co to Supporting DSU to User.
8. A Logistics Based is a tailored collection of any CSS assets established out of hide to enable forces to operate over extended distances.
9. Food Preparation; Water Production; Mortuary Affair; Aerial Delivery; Shower, Laundry & Clothing Repair (SLCR).
10. Corps.
11. DS Field Service Co; CSG Forward

12. Provide backup aerial delivery resupply support and airdrop equipment supply and maintenance support to tactical aerial delivery units.
13. MSB sends a water team to each BSA.
14. Laundry and Renovation Co (GS); Water Production Co (GS); Aerial Delivery and Supply Co

15.

<b>CSS Function</b>	<b>COMMZ</b>	<b>Corps Rear</b>	<b>Corps Forward</b>	<b>DIV Rear (DSA)</b>	<b>DIV BDE (BSA)</b>	<b>ACR/RSA SIB/BSA</b>
Class I	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	S&S Co (MSB)	Sup Co (FSB)	S&T Trp Sup Co (FSB)
Class II	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	S&S Co (MSB)	Sup Co (FSB)	S&T Trp Sup Co (FSB)
Class III(P)	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	S&S Co (MSB)	Sup Co (FSB)	S&T Trp Sup Co (FSB)
Class IV	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	S&S Co (MSB)	Sup Co (FSB)	S&T Trp Sup Co (FSB)
Class VI	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	S&S Co (MSB)	Sup Co (FSB)	S&T Trp Sup Co (FSB)
Class VII	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	S&S Co (MSB)	Sup Co (FSB)	S&T Trp Sup Co (FSB)
Water Production	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	DS Sup Co	S&S Co (MSB)		S&T Trp Sup Co (FSB)
Food Preparation	All Units	All Units	All Units	All Units	All Units	All Units
Mortuary Affairs	MA Co	MA Co				
Aerial Delivery	AS Co AER&S Co	AES Co AS Co AER&S Co (ABN)		AES Co (ABN)		
SLCR	DS Fld Svc Co	DS Fld Svc Co	DS Fld Svc Co			

## Chapter 9-II

1. Joint Petroleum Office; Theater Combatant Commander
2. Offshore Petroleum Discharge System; Inland Petroleum Discharge System
3. Forecasted requirements; forecast
4. Tank trucks; railcars; pipeline; hose line
5. Quartermaster Supply Company DS
6. One division
7. Quartermaster Supply Company DS; MSB S&S companies or FSB Supply Companies; Aviation Brigade; Separate Brigade Support Battalions; ACR Support Squadrons
8. Four days; one day; one day
9. 4-15 days of supply

## Chapter 9-III

1. 75% of the ammunition that comes into the brigade area comes from the CSA and 25% comes from the ASP
2. DAO; Corp G4; CMMC
3. RSR; CSR
4. Ammunition configured/reconfigured into complete round mix/ weapon system mix to meet a specific theater of operations requirement
5. CSA is the primary source of high-tonnage ammunition for the division and corps.
6. The TSA encompasses the storage facilities located in the COMMZ
7. 75%; the CSA; 25%; the ASP; corps transportation assets
8. in two to six hours; one hour or less; four
9. supply; maintenance operations relating to ammunition, missiles, special weapons; associated repair parts, special tools; test equipment
10. 40; MSR; railheads; 250; 130 Kilometers

## Chapter 10

1. Common; Missile; Aviation
2. ALOC – uses aircraft to ship high priority requisitions from the Depot to a DSU as far forward as possible where the user picks it up; SLOC -- uses ships to send parts through the normal supply flow from Depot to GSU to DSU to user.
3. Serviceable repair parts, components, and assemblies are exchanged for unserviceable items.
4. Located in an S&S Battalion and provides GS level class IX and maintenance related class II supply support to all units on an area basis.
5. Controlled Exchange – removal of serviceable parts from unserviceable but economically repairable equipment; Cannibalization – removal of serviceable parts from unserviceable, uneconomically repairable equipment.

6. Unit (operator/crew and unit maintenance personnel); direct support (DS); general support (GS); Depot.
7. Base Shop; MST; Augmentation Teams.
8. Patriot DS Maintenance Company.
9. A C&C establishes and operates a facility for the receipt, inspection, segregation, disassembly, preservation, and disposition of serviceable and unserviceable class VII and class IX.
10. DS Ordnance Missile Support Company.
11. Owning unit.
12. True
13. Maintenance Battalion of an Area Support Group.
14. Local Sustainment Maintenance Manager (LSMM); Regional Sustainment Maintenance Manager (RSMM).
15. Unit; Intermediate; Depot
16. Aviation Unit Maintenance Company (AVUM); Divisional Aviation Intermediate Maintenance Company (AVIM); Corps AVIM; Echelon Above Corps AVIM; Depot.
17. AMC initiative that assists units in deployment and redeployment, provides technical assistance, supports increased OPTEMPO.
18. TDA structure that supports CONUS deploying and deployed forces, support for OCONUS contingency operations, expanded CONUS capabilities for depot maintenance, classification and inspection of aviation stocks and components.
19. Many class IX (A) items are command regulated. Only the commander that designated them as regulated can release them.

## Chapter 11

1. Theater surgeon; combatant commander; Joint Chiefs of Staff; Secretary of Defense; number of days; remain in the theater to return to duty (RTD).
2. Patient Evacuation; Hospitalization; Medical Treatment; Combat Health Logistics; Preventive Medicine; Veterinary Services; Dental Services; Combat Stress Control; Medical Laboratory Service; C4I.
3. Level I – stabilization and preparation for evacuation; Level II – emergency care and resuscitation; Level III – resuscitation, initial wound surgery, postoperative treatment; Level IV – surgery and rehabilitation; Level V – definitive/long-term care.
4. Levels I and II.
5. Trauma specialist; ambulance squad, treatment squad, area support squad, patient-holding squad, Forward Surgical Team (FST).
6. Medical Brigade; ASMB or CSH; in direct support; medical company; organic; airborne; air-assault; MSB; deployed forward; collocate; ACR (Light).
7. Area; ASMC; ASMB; rear or forward CSG.
8. Any; theater evacuation policy.

9. Corps; Level III; Echelon Above Corps; Level IV.
10. An 84-bed company; 164-bed company.
11. Med Det, Minimal Care; Med Det, Telemedicine; Head & Neck team; Special care team; Pathology team; Renal Hemodialysis team; Infectious Disease team.
12. Coordinated movement of patients to MTFs that are best able to provide timely and definitive care.
13. Corps Med Bde Medical Regulating Office (MRO); Theater MEDCOM MRO; Theater Patient Movement Requirements Center (TPMRC); Division Medical Operations Center (DMOC).
14. Maintain the division's medical supplies.
15. 10 days of supplies at division.
16. MEDLOG BN; unit distribution; LOGPAC; common user; COSCOM.
17. DMSO; MSB MSMC; DMOC
18. Air; Ground; Air; Corps MEDCOM; area.

## Chapter 12

1. Movement control; terminal operations; mode operations
2. Motor; rail; air; water; pipeline
3. DTO; DISCOM MCO
4. Requests; forecast; MCO; DTO; servicing MCT
5. Decentralize execution; Port movement; area movement; movement regulating; division support; cargo documentation
6. Transportation battalion; light-medium truck company; medium truck company; combat heavy equipment truck company; cargo transfer company; trailer transfer detachment; terminal transfer company
7. CSBs; transportation battalion; other allocated modes
8. Ammunition and bulk fuel
9. Habitually support conventional ammunition companies or general supply companies
10. CMCB; each CSG support operations section
11. ASCC; TRANSCOM; a composite group; a COSCOM; DISCOM
12. Joint Transportation Board; Joint Movement Center
13. Movement Control Agency; Movement Control Battalion; MCA; Theater Support Command
14. Motor transport; terminal operating; rail; medium lift army helicopter transport; terminal transfer

## Chapter 13

1. Finance operations; Resource management.
2. ASCC – DCSRМ; Corps – ACSRM; Division – RM; Bde – S-4; BN – S-4.

3. ASCC – FINCOM; Corps – FIN Group; Division – none, the Corps Finance Group allocates a finance battalion to provide area support in the division AO.
4. Division – Corps Finance Group allocates a finance battalion to support the division AO; Brigade – Corps finance battalion sends finance support teams (FST) to brigade AO when requested to provide area support.
5. Personnel administration; replacement operations; mail.
6. Theater PERSCOM; TSC Personnel Group; Personnel Services Battalion; Replacement Battalion.
7. Corps Personnel Group; Personnel Services Battalion; Replacement Company
8. The corps personnel group locates a personnel services battalion (PSB) in the division AO to support divisional and non-divisional units on an area support basis.
9. From CONUS CRC through the TSC PRB through the Corps PRC to a Personnel Replacement Detachment located in the division AO. From there, replacements are move to brigade support areas where they are assigned to units. Battalion elements operating in the BSA take control of replace personnel and transport them to the destination unit via LOGPAC operations.

#### Chapter 14

1. It is extraordinary action that commanders plan and implement to restore units to desired level of effectiveness commensurate with mission requirements and available resources.
2. Removing unit from combat; assessing it with external assets; re-establishing the chain of command; training the unit for future operations; re-establishing unit cohesion
3. Reorganization; assessment; regeneration
4. Action to shift resources within a degraded unit to increase its combat effectiveness
5. Immediate reorganization-the quick and usually temporary restoring of degraded units to minimum levels of effectiveness. It normally occurs in position or as close to the unit's employment location as possible; deliberate reorganization-conducted when more time is available, equipment repair may be more intensive, and more extensive cross leveling is possible. Usually occurs farther to the rear than immediate reorganization.
6. Phase I assessment is done by unit commander before, during and after the mission. Phase II assessment is done by external elements from the regeneration task force after the unit disengages from its combat position.
7. Regeneration is the rebuilding of a degraded or reduced unit through large-scale replacement of personnel, equipment and supplies, re-establishment of command and control, and the conduct of mission essential training.
8. Develop SOPs; include reconstitution in unit OPLANS; Phase I assessment; recommend regeneration; phase II assessment; Element of the RTF link up

- with the unit; RTF receives unit at the site; Decides whether to regenerate the unit, carry out further deliberate reorganization, or use resources elsewhere; regenerate the unit.
9. It requires a decision by the Commander; It is proactive; Units are generated from at least two command levels above; Units must be removed from their position; Regeneration requires time for training and unit cohesion; The individual situation dictates the trigger point for regeneration; Normal support operations continue.
  10. Command and Control; personnel; equipment ; supply; training.
  11. Possibly chemical defense equipment and replacements for lost and damaged individual and organizational clothing and equipment.
  12. CSS Plans Branch; COSCOM Support Operations
  13. Supplies; equipment; transportation; services; life support, to include rations, water, and power generation
  14. Requirements; priorities; time available